

EXPLANATION

— 200 —
OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal zone. Dashed where vertical accuracy possibly not within 40 feet. Isopach interval 100 feet (31 m) over strip-pable coal and 200 feet (61 m) beyond the stripping-limit line.

○ 63
DRILL HOLE - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed.

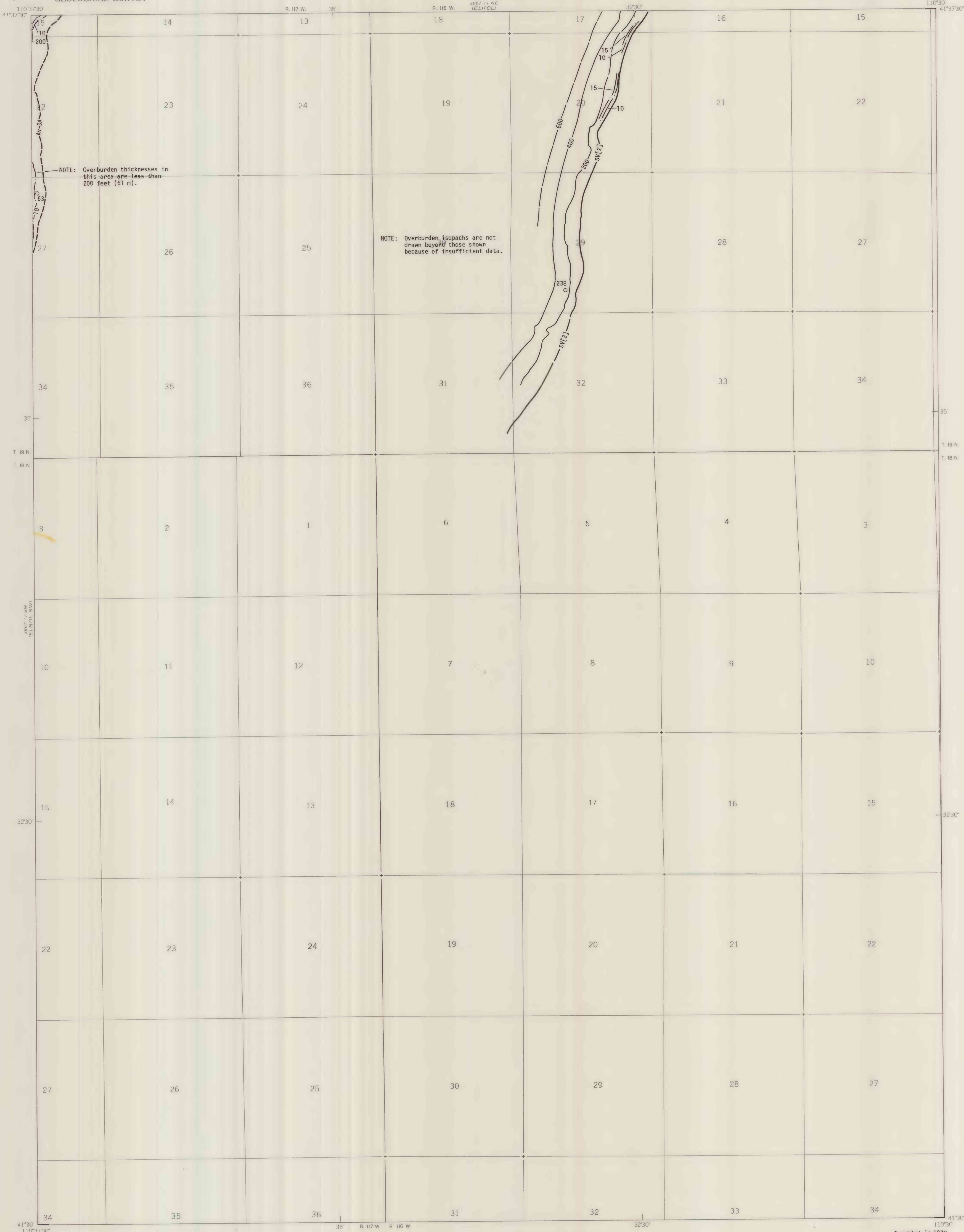
— 10 —
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR - Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface mining methods. Contours shown only in areas underlain by coal of Reserve. Base thickness within the stripping-limit (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). To convert mining ratio to cubic meters of overburden per metric ton of recoverable coal, multiply mining ratio by 0.8428.

Av-3A - Adaville No. 3A
SV[2] - Spring Valley [2]

COAL BED SYMBOLS AND NAMES - Coal beds identified by bracketed numbers are not formally named, but are numbered for identification purposes in this quadrangle only.

— SV[2] —
TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP - Showing symbol of name of coal bed as listed above. Dashed where inferred; short dashed where inferred by present authors.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.



COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE CUMBERLAND GAP
QUADRANGLE, UINTA AND LINCOLN COUNTIES, WYOMING
BY
DAMES & MOORE
1979